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# Correction: On the construction of a large-scale database of Al-assisted annotating lung ventilation-perfusion scintigraphy for pulmonary embolism (VQ4PEDB)

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# KEYWORDS

database, image annotation, crowdsourcing, ventilation-perfusion scintigraphy, pulmonary embolism

# A Correction on

On the construction of a large-scale database of Al-assisted annotating lung ventilation-perfusion scintigraphy for pulmonary embolism (VQ4PEDB)

By Jabbarpour A, Moulton E, Kaviani S, Ghassel S, Zeng W, Akbarian R, Couture A, Roy A, Liu R, Lucinian YA, Hejji N, AlSulaiman S, Shirazi F, Leung E, Bonsall S, Arfin S, Gray BG and Klein R (2025). Front Nucl Med. 5:1632112. doi: 10.3389/fnume.2025.1632112

We have incorrectly opined about the performance of a private company's third party software. The performance related to Canadian zip codes as well as other types of data was due to a user error and improper configuration of the tool by the authors. We have made the following edits:

A correction has been made to the section "Methods, Anonymization of DICOM files and de-identification of clinical reports, second paragraph". The correct paragraph reads:

"For clinical report texts, we adopted and compounded the effect of the following three independent approaches as a conservative de-identification strategy: (1) Segmed Inc.'s Python-based web server was used to remove PII/PHI from clinical reports, (2) RegEx rules were used to remove Canadian formatted addresses and postal codes in Python,

Jabbarpour et al. 10.3389/fnume.2025.1671281

and (3) resulting texts were fed to a Microsoft Copilot agent that was instructed to list suspected people names, addresses, street names, 5–8 digit numbers, business names, clinic names and occupations. The agent was further prompted to ignore medical terms. The resulting terms were then manually screened for relevance, the terms were searched for in the text and then replaced with "[Anon]"."

A correction has been made to the section "Discussion, Data Ingestion, first paragraph". The correct paragraph reads:

"QA revealed our unstructured text data to be properly deidentified, highlighting the effectiveness of our multiple layers of de-identification approaches. Structured DICOM data from hospital sources proved straightforward to robustly de-identify using our strategy. Also, during our QA process, various nonstructured DICOM tags, such as series description, used during splitting process were identified and addressed accordingly to preserve integrity of workflow."

Original reference 27 has been removed.

The original version of this article has been updated.

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