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Correction: Physico-biochemical controls on dissolved oxygen dynamics in the Eastern Upper Gulf of Thailand: field observations and numerical modeling

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There was a mistake in Figure 1 as published. The legend explaining the symbols in the figure was incomplete. The corrected Figure 1 appears below.

There was a mistake in Figure 9 as published. A black horizontal bar dividing panels A and B has been removed. The corrected Figure 9 appears below.

The original version of this article has been updated.

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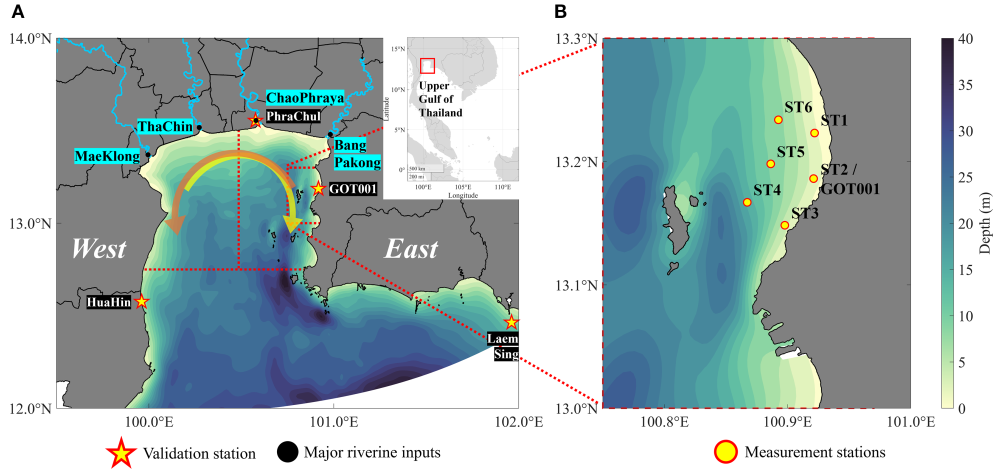

FIGURE 1
Map of the Upper Gulf of Thailand (UGoT) showing **(A)** the study area, major riverine inputs (Bang Pakong, Chao Phraya, Tha Chin, and Mae Klong), the location of the GOT001 station, and the 6-monthly sampling stations. The red dashed boxes denote the western and eastern subregions of the UGoT. The yellow arrow indicates the prevailing clockwise circulation during the southwest monsoon, whereas the orange arrows represent circulation during the northeast monsoon. **(B)** Siracha area, which is the focus of this study.

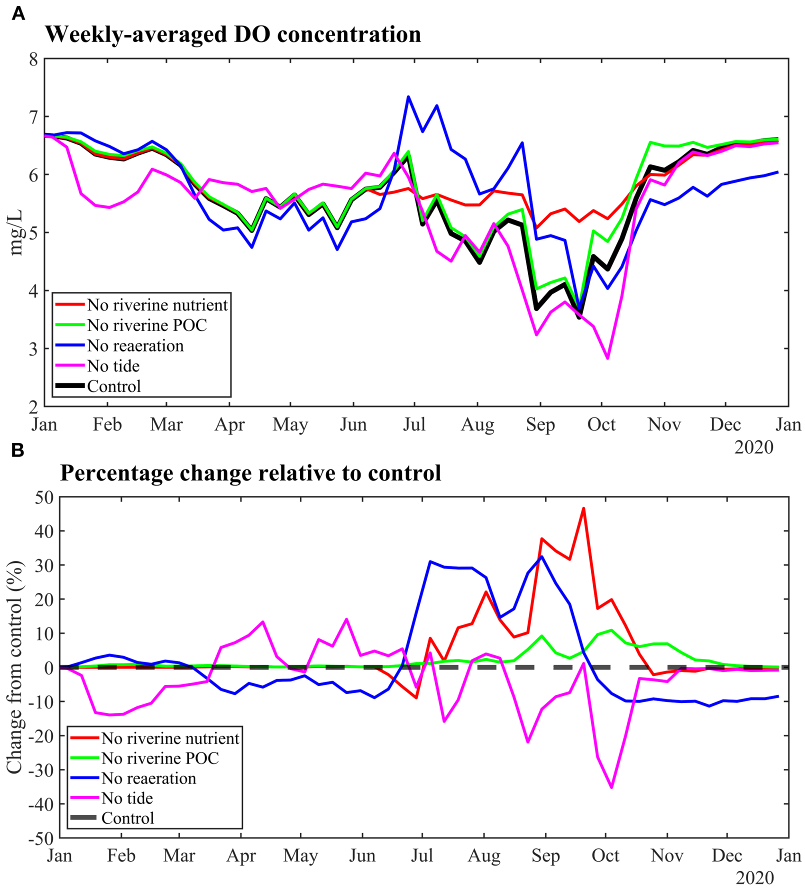

FIGURE 9
Comparisons between **(A)** weekly all-grid averaged DO concentration of control run and different scenario runs at the Siracha area and **(B)** corresponding percentage changes when compared with the control run during 2020.